Exam. Code : 121601
Subject Code : 502481

Bachelor of Commerce (Financial Services) (Hons.)

Ist Semester (Batch 2025–29) (CBGS)

COMPUTER APPLICATIONS IN BUSINESS

Paper–BCS01009T

Time Allowed—3 Hours] [Maximum Marks—50

Note :— Attempt **FIVE** questions in all, selecting at least **ONE** question from each section. The **fifth** question may be attempted from any section. All questions carry equal marks.

SECTION—A

1. Which are various advantages and limitations of computers?

2. What is OS? Which are various functions performed by an OS?

SECTION—B

3. Explain the meaning and use of the following in MS-Word:

   (a) TOC

   (b) Auto text

   (c) Indent and outdent.

4. Explain the process of Mail Merge.

SECTION—C

5. How can you insert images, hyperlinks, and tables in your presentation in MS PowerPoint?

6. Which are various elements of a presentation?

SECTION—D

7. Which are various features desired in a good spreadsheet software?

8. Explain any five mathematical and logical functions available in MS Excel.

Exam. Code : 121601
Subject Code : 502480

Bachelor of Commerce (Financial Services) (Hons.)
1st Semester (Batch 2025-29) (CBGS)

FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING

Time Allowed—3 Hours] [Maximum Marks—100

Note :— Attempt **FIVE** questions in all, selecting at least **ONE** question from each section. The fifth question may be attempted from any section. All questions carry equal marks.

SECTION—A

1. Explain the following :

   (i) Any five concepts of accounting 10

   (ii) Journal vs Ledger 5

   (iii) Petty cash book and system of petty cash book 5

2. Identify the following items as capital or revenue. State reasons for your answer :

   (i) A second hand motor car was bought for Rs. 7,000 and Rs. 3,000 were spent for repairs to put it in order.

   (ii) The club building was whitewashed at a cost of Rs. 500.

(iii) A new machinery was purchased for Rs. 8,000 and a sum of Rs. 750 was spent on its installation.

(iv) Books were purchased for Rs. 5,000 and Rs. 100 were paid for carrying the books to the library.

(v) Rs. 500 were paid for legal expenses in connection with the purchase of a plot of land.

(vi) Rs. 1,200 were paid for custom duty and freight on machinery imported from England.

(vii) Obtained 5 bighas of land for playground at a rent of Rs. 500 per month.

(viii) Old furniture was repaired at a cost of Rs. 700.

(ix) An additional classroom was constructed at a cost of Rs. 3,500.

(x) A large sum of Rs. 5,000 was spent on advertisement for the introduction of a new product.

(xi) One thousand rupees were spent on a machine out of which Rs. 100 for repairs; Rs. 200 for replacement of defective parts and Rs. 700 for the improvements of the machinery. As a result of improvements, the production capacity of the machine doubled.

(xii) A company removed their factory to more suitable premises and incurred the following expenditure : (i) Cost of dismantling, removing and re-installing plant Rs. 5,160; (ii) Old plant book value Rs. 2,250 was sold for Rs. 800 and replaced by new plant costing Rs. 4,800.

(xiii) Fire insurance premium was paid on 1st October for full one year Rs. 600. Books are closed on 31st December every year.

(xiv) While the construction of the factory building was in progress, few cottages were built for the labour costing Rs. 600 which were demolished after the completion of the factory.

(xv) Extensive alterations were done to a cinema building. Apart from alterations, the entire property was put in thorough repairs and the interior of the theatre including the sitting accommodation was refurnished and made more comfortable and attractive. This resulted in increased 'gate proceeds'. Total expenditure was Rs. 100,000 out of which 16% related to repairs and re-painting and 84% represented improvement and re-furnishing.

SECTION—B

3. How are the following items adjusted in final accounts? Explain each item with and without the applicability of GST :

(i) Closing stock of goods shown outside trial balance

(ii) Closing stock of goods shown in the trial balance

(iii) Outstanding Expenses

(iv) Prepaid Expenses

(v) Accrued Income

(vi) Pre-received Income

(vii) Depreciation on Assets

(viii) Interest on Capital

(ix) Interest on Drawings

(x) Bad Debts

4. Avon Ships Ltd. Calcutta acquired a ship M.V. Bombay costing Rs. 25,00,000 on 1st September, 2011 and got it insured at 6% p.a. The freight was also insured at the same rate, the amount of the policy being Rs. 16,00,000. During the four months to December 31, 2011, the ship made one round trip to Osaka and was halfway through

the second trip (single way) to Osaka.

It carried the following Cargo :

To Osaka 10,000 tons @ Rs. 20 per ton

From Osaka 8,000 tons @ Rs. 30 per ton

To Osaka 10,000 tons @ Rs. 19 per ton

The primage was 5% and address commission was 10%.

The expenses incurred were:

Port Dues = Rs. 15,000

Wages and Salaries = Rs. 50,000

Fuel and power = Rs. 60,000

Stevedoring = Rs. 56,000 (Rs. 2 per ton)

Stores purchased = Rs. 15,000

Stock of stores 31.12.2011 = Rs. 3,000

The ship is subject to depreciation @ 6% p.a. on the original cost.

Prepare Voyage Account to ascertain profit or loss for the period from 1st September, 2011 to 31st December, 2011.

SECTION—C

5. The Cochin consignment account in the books of Sitra Ltd. of Bombay showed a debit balance of Rs. 1500 representing the cost price of 10 fans on 1st April, 2016. On 1st May 2016, Sitra Ltd. sent a further consignment of 40 fans costing Rs. 160 each. The freight and other charges amounted to Rs. 210. On 21st March, 2017, the Cochin agent sent an account sales showing that 10 fans from old stock realized Rs. 160 each and 25 fans from the second consignment realized Rs. 240 each and 10 fans remained unsold in stock. 5 fans were lost due to theft.

   The Cochin agent is to get a commission of 10% and Rs. 50 per month towards establishment expenses. Show the necessary accounts in the books of Sitra Ltd. assuming that accounts are closed on 31st March every year.

6. How will you calculate joint venture profits, when records are kept by all the parties?

SECTION—D

7. What are departmental accounts? What are their advantages? Explain briefly the system of keeping departmental accounts.

8. Jeewan Bros. of Bombay have a branch at Delhi. The Goods are sent to branch at cost price to be sold for

cash and credit. The transactions during the year are as under :

	Rs.
Branch stock on 1.1.2011	9,000
Branch debtors on 1.1.2011	3,000
Branch Bank Balance on 1.1.2011	2,800
During 2011, Goods sent by H.O. to branch	18,000
Goods returned by branch	360
Cash sales paid into bank	4,800
Credit Sales	24,000
Goods returned by customers	180
Cheques received from customers	22,000
Discount allowed	440
Bad debt written off	260
Cash remittance by branch to H.O.	25,000
Expenses paid by branch	
Wages & Salaries	400
Miscellaneous Expenses	200
Rent & Rates paid by H.O.	500
Balances on 31.12.2011 :	
Branch Stock	6,420
Branch Debtors	?
Branch Bank	?

Compute branch profit under stock and debtor method.

Exam. Code : 121601
Subject Code: 502472

Bachelor of Commerce (Financial Services) (Hons.)
1st Sem. (Batch 2025-29) (CBGS)

COMMUNICATION SKILLS IN ENGLISH–I

Paper : ENL-121

Time Allowed—3 Hours] [Maximum Marks—100

Note :— Attempt **FIVE** questions in all, selecting at least **ONE** question from each section. The **fifth** question may be attempted from any section. All questions carry equal marks.

SECTION—A

1. (a) Explain the role of skimming and scanning in reading.

   (b) Describe the SQ3R method of Reading and explain how it helps in improving Reading outcome.

2. Write short notes on the following:

   (i) Reading for Meaning

   (ii) Intensive Reading Skills

   (iii) Active Reading and Passive Reading

   (iv) Reading Speed.

SECTION—B

3. (A) Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it in the context of passage:

Fertilizer is any substance that can be added to the soil to provide chemical elements essential for plant nutrition. Natural substances such as animal droppings and straw have been used as fertilizers for thousands of years, and lime has been used since the Romans introduced it during the Empire. It was not until the nineteenth century, in fact, that chemical fertilizers became popular. Today, both natural and synthetic fertilizers are available in a variety of forms. A complete fertilizer is usually marked with a formula consisting of three numbers, such as 4-8-2 or 3-6-4, which designate the percentage content of nitrogen, phosphoric acid, and potash in the order stated. Synthetic fertilizers are available in either solid or liquid form. Solids, in the shape of chemical granules, are popular because they are easy to store and apply. Recently, liquids have shown an increase in popularity, accounting for about 20 per cent of the nitrogen fertilizer used throughout the world. Formerly, powders were also used, but these were found to be less convenient than either solids or liquids. Fertilizers have no harmful effects on the soil, the crop, or the consumer as long as they are used according to recommendations based on the results of local research. Occasionally, however,

farmers may use more fertilizer than necessary, damaging not only the crop but also the animals or humans that eat it. Accumulations of fertilizer in the water supply accelerate the growth of algae and, consequently, may disturb the natural cycle of life, contributing to the death of fish. Too much fertilizer in grass can cause digestive disorders in cattle and in infants who drink cow's milk.

Questions:

(a) With which of the following topics is the passage primarily concerned?

(i) Local research and harmful effects of fertilizer

(ii) Advantages and disadvantages of liquid fertilizer

(iii) A formula for the production of fertilizer

(iv) Content, form, and effects of fertilizer

(b) In the formula 3-6-4:

(i) The content of nitrogen is greater than that of potash

(ii) The content of potash is greater than that of phosphoric acid

(iii) The content of phosphoric acid is less than that of nitrogen

(iv) The content of nitrogen is less than that of phosphoric acid

(c) Which of the following has the smallest percentage content in the formula 4-8-2?

(i) Nitrogen

(ii) Phosphorus

(iii) Acid

(iv) Potash

(d) What is the percentage of nitrogen in a 5-8-7 formula fertilizer?

(i) 3 per cent

(ii) 5 per cent

(iii) 7 per cent

(iv) 8 per cent

(e) The word "designate" in line 11 could be replaced by:

(i) Modify

(ii) Specify

(iii) Limit

(iv) Increase

(f) The word "essential" in line 2 could best be replaced by which of the following?

(i) Limited

(ii) Preferred

(iii) Anticipated

(iv) Required

(g) Which of the following statements about fertilizer is true?

(i) Powders are more popular than ever

(ii) Solids are difficult to store

(iii) Liquids are increasing in popularity

(iv) Chemical granules are difficult to apply

(h) The word "these" in line 19 refers to:

(i) Powders

(ii) Solids

(iii) Liquids

(iv) Fertilizer

(i) The word "convenient" in line 19 is closest in meaning to:

(i) Effective

(ii) Plentiful

(iii) Easy to use

(iv) Cheap to produce

(j) What happens when too much fertilizer is used?

(i) Local research teams provide recommendations

(ii) Algae in the water supplies begin to die

(iii) Animals and humans may become ill

(iv) Crops have no harmful effects 10

(B) Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it in the context of passage:

Music is perhaps the most popular and widely practised form of Fine Arts, transcending all kinds of cultural and linguistic barriers. Any form of fine art is difficult to master and almost impossible to perfect and music is no exception. Nature, it is learnt, has blessed almost two-thirds of the human race with musical ability of some sort. Music has the power to bring out the deepest emotions. It can make one cry or bring a smile on one's face. In fact, it is a magic medicine and many seek refuge in it when they are depressed or stressed. It is this intimacy that makes us listen to music or even hum or sing sometimes. This singing, or realistically speaking, expressing one's emotion musically sometimes takes a serious turn. This desire to show musical expression in public then becomes a serious business profession. And from here the musical journey begins. This desire to sing before an audience is innocent and beautiful and indeed it is perfectly alright to have such a genuine desire. But it is also important to understand that singing is an intricate art - a highly refined one at that, which requires systematic, prolonged and strict training, to be acceptable. This is an aspect we forget in our keen desire to reach the stage and perform. It is almost like preparing a formal meal for some

specially invited guests, without even having learnt and trained in the basics of cooking. This is why we have more noise and less music now-a-days. These days almost everyone sings and it does not stop here. Most of us want to become professional singers. Result: a complete disregard for and ignorance of the training part, as the need is never felt to go through one and the urge to get to the stage and perform overcomes even a little desire to learn, if any. If at all, somewhere along the way one feels the need to gain some knowledge and training, it leads to hurried shortcuts and half-hearted attempts, best described as 'Crash Courses'. It is observed that those who have attained the so-called partial success, suddenly feel that they lack the required knowledge and are not learned enough. But it is too late by then. It should be understood here that the stage or a performance brings in a different mindset within the artist. It is always recommended and rightly said, that while on stage, cover the mistakes and weaknesses if any, and get along. But the contrary is true when it comes to acquiring knowledge and during the learning process. While under training, the student is expected to make mistakes but then rectify those mistakes under the supervision and guidance of the teacher. Therefore, it is good to make mistakes and then be corrected during

the process of learning as this subsequently makes one flawless and educated. This is a different mindset. And these two mindsets discussed above, (those of a performer and that of a student) cannot co-exist.

Questions:

(i) How can we say that music is a magic medicine? 2

(ii) What is best described as 'Crash Course'? 2

(iii) What should be the mindset of a student of music? 2

(iv) Why is singing a refined and intricate art? 2

(v) 'Transcending' means _____. 1

(vi) 'Refuge' means _____. 1

4. (A) Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it in the context of passage:

As the family finally sets off from home after many arguments there is a moment of full as the cat takes off, "Alright, so where are we going for dinner now?" asks the one at the driving wheel. What follows is chaos as multiple voices make as many suggestions. By the time order is restored and a decision is arrived at, tempers have risen, feelings injured, and there is at least one person grumbling. Twenty years ago, you would step

out of home, decision of meal and venue already made with no arguments or opposition and everybody looked forward to the meal with equal enthusiasm. The decision was made by the head of the family and the others fell in line. Today every member of the family has a say in every decision which also promotes a sense of togetherness and bonding.

We empower our kids to take their own decisions from a very early age. We ask them the cuisine they prefer, the movie they want to see, the holiday they wish to go on and the subjects they wish to study. It's a closely connected world out there where children consult and guide each other. A parent's well-meaning advice can sound like nothing more than unnecessary preaching. How then do we reach our children through all the conflicting views and make the voice of reason be heard? Children today question choices and prefer to go with the flow. What then is the best path to take? I would say the most important thing one can do is to listen. Listen to your children and their silences. Ensure that you keep some time aside for them, insist that they share their stories with you. Step into their world. It is not as complicated as it sounds, just a daily bail an hour of the 'quality time' would do the trick.

Questions:

(a) Write one advantage and one disadvantage of allowing every family member to be part of the decision-making process. 2

(b) In today's world, what are parents asking their kids? 2

(c) Which two pieces of advice does the writer give to the parents? 2

(d) The passage supports the parents. How far do you agree with the author's views? Support your view with a reason. 2

(e) The synonym of 'hurt' is _____. 1

(f) The word which means 'the same as a style or method of cooking' in the paragraph is:

(i) Gastric

(ii) Science

(iii) Cuisine

(iv) Gourmet 1

(B) Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it in the context of passage:

Exercise is one of the most important activities you can do for your overall health and well-being. Regular physical activity provides numerous benefits for both your body and mind. It helps to maintain a healthy

weight, strengthens muscles and bones, and reduces the risk of chronic diseases such as heart disease, diabetes, and certain cancers. One of the immediate effects of exercise is its ability to improve mood. Physical activity stimulates the production of endorphins, chemicals in the brain that act as natural mood elevators. This is why many people feel happier and more energized after a workout. Additionally, exercise has been shown to reduce symptoms of anxiety and depression, making it a powerful tool for mental health management. Exercise also improves brain function. Studies have shown that regular physical activity can enhance memory and cognitive skills, making it easier to concentrate and learn. This is particularly important for older adults, as exercise may help prevent cognitive decline and conditions like Alzheimer's disease. In addition to these benefits, regular exercise can improve sleep quality. People who engage in physical activity tend to fall asleep faster and enjoy deeper, more restful sleep. Improved sleep can, in turn, enhance mood, energy levels, and overall productivity during the day. While the benefits of exercise are clear, it is important to start slowly and choose activities that are enjoyable and suitable for your fitness level. Whether it's walking, swimming, cycling, or practicing yoga, finding an activity you love is key to maintaining a regular exercise routine.

(Contd.)

Questions:

(1) What is one of the immediate effects of exercise on the body?

(A) Increased weight gain

(B) Production of endorphins that improve mood

(C) Decreased energy levels

(D) Slower metabolism

(2) According to the passage, how does regular exercise affect mental health?

(A) It leads to increased anxiety

(B) It worsens symptoms of depression

(C) It reduces symptoms of anxiety and depression

(D) It causes stress

(3) What benefit does exercise provide for brain function?

(A) It decreases memory retention

(B) It improves memory and cognitive skills

(C) It increases the risk of cognitive decline

(D) It makes it harder to concentrate

(4) How does exercise affect sleep, according to the passage?

(A) It makes it harder to fall asleep

(B) It disrupts sleep patterns

(C) It improves sleep quality and promotes deeper rest

(D) It leads to insomnia

(5) What advice does the passage give about starting an exercise routine?

(A) Start with intense exercises immediately

(B) Choose activities that are enjoyable and suitable for your fitness level

(C) Avoid exercising more than once a week

(D) Focus only on strength training for better results 10

SECTION—C

5. You are Neha, Purchase Incharge of ABC College. Your institution wishes to buy 20 computers and computer accessories from Apple Inc., Mumbai. Draft a letter placing an order for the same.

6. Write a letter to your aunt telling her about a study tour you went on with your teachers and classmates.

SECTION—D

7. (A) What is the significance of Memo and what are its characteristics? Draw a structure of an official memo. Illustrate with the help of an example.

(B) Write the format of a Notice for Board meeting, its agenda and minutes. Create necessary details.

8. Draft a Resume for the post of Marketing Manager.

Exam. Code : 121601
Subject Code : 800405

B.Com. (Financial Services) 1st Semester
(Batch 2023-26) (CBGS) (Old Sylb)
BCS01009T : COMPUTER APPLICATIONS

Time Allowed—3 Hours] [Maximum Marks—50

Note :— Attempt **FIVE** questions in all, selecting at least **ONE** question from each section. The fifth question may be attempted from any section. All questions carry equal marks.

SECTION—A

1. Which are various applications of mainframe and supercomputers? How do mainframe and supercomputers differ?

2. Explain different types of computer software. Give examples.

SECTION—B

3. How do data and information differ? How does data processing and information processing differ? Give examples.

4. What do you mean by office automation? Which hardware and software are required for office automation?

SECTION—C

5. Explain different types of Printers and Plotters.

6. What are uses of OMR, MICR, and OCR?

SECTION—D

7. Which are different types of programming languages? Write their features and limitations.

8. What is booting? Which are its types?

Exam. Code : 121601
Subject Code : 502475

Bachelor of Commerce (Financial Services) (Hons.)
1st Semester (Batch 2025-29) (CBGS)
QUANTITATIVE TECHNIQUES FOR BUSINESS-I
Paper : BCS01007T

Time Allowed—3 Hours] [Maximum Marks—100

Note :— Attempt **FIVE** questions in all, selecting at least **ONE** question from each section. The fifth question may be attempted from any section. All questions carry equal marks.

SECTION—A

1. The frequency distribution of weight in grams of apples of a given variety is given below. Calculate the arithmetic mean, median, and mode:

Weight in grams	Number of apples
410–419	14
420–429	20
430–439	42
440–449	54
450–459	45
460–469	18
470–479	7

2. (a) If the median of the following frequency distribution is 46, find the missing frequencies f_1 and f_2 :

Variable	Frequency
10–20	12
20–30	30
30–40	f_1
40–50	65
50–60	f_2
60–70	25
70–80	18
Total	**229**

(b) What is Geometric Mean? Differentiate between Arithmetic Mean, Geometric Mean, and Harmonic Mean. Also, discuss the properties of Geometric Mean. 15,5

SECTION—B

3. A survey of sales made by 230 firms in the light engineering goods industry during the year 2023 revealed the following information:

Sales (in lakhs of Rs.)	No. of Firms
70-80	12
80-90	18
90-100	35
100-110	42
110-120	50
120-130	45
130-140	20
140-150	8

Calculate (i) Karl Pearson's coefficient of skewness using mean and median and (ii) Bowley's coefficient of skewness.

4. The following table gives the distribution of the wages of workers of a factory:

Daily wages (in Rs.)	No. of Persons
35-36	14
36-37	20
37-38	42
38-39	54
39-40	45
40-41	18
41-42	7

Calculate (i) Quartile Deviation (ii) Mean Deviation and (iii) Standard Deviation.

SECTION—C

5. From the following data, determine the sales figure by (i) least square method and (ii) semi-average method:

Years	Sales of Refrigerators
2017	100
2018	110
2019	130
2020	125
2021	170
2022	168
2023	191

6. Information on the price of a commodity over the last few years is given below:

Year	Price in Rs. per kg
2015	62
2016	68
2017	63
2018	69
2019	75
2020	78
2021	82
2022	98
2023	100

(a) Construct price index numbers taking (i) 2015 as base, and (ii) 2019 as base.

(b) Calculate chain base index numbers.

SECTION—D

7. What do you mean by Factoring? Discuss the various factoring techniques with suitable examples.

8. (a) If the principal is Rs 1,20,000 and the rate of interest is 10% which is compounded half-yearly, find:

(i) Interest for 9 months

(ii) Amount after 3 years

(b) What is Simple Interest? Differentiate between Simple Interest and Compound Interest. Also, explain the procedure of calculating simple interest with the help of an example. 10,10

Exam. Code : 121601
Subject Code : 502476

Bachelor of Commerce (Financial Services) (Hons.)

1st Semester (Batch 2025-29) (CBGS)

BUSINESS ORGANIZATION & MANAGEMENT

Paper : BCS01008T

Time Allowed—3 Hours] [Maximum Marks—100

Note :— Attempt **FIVE** questions in all, selecting at least **ONE** question from each section. The fifth question may be attempted from any section. All questions carry equal marks.

SECTION—A

1. Explain the concept of business as an economic system. What are the essentials of a successful business?

2. Explain the social obligations of business towards shareholders, workers, consumers, government and community.

SECTION—B

3. Define joint stock company and discuss its main characteristics. What are the advantages and disadvantages of joint stock company?

4. Elaborate the various factors to be considered for starting a new unit. Discuss in brief problems faced in starting a new business.

SECTION—C

5. Define management and discuss functions of management. Discuss briefly management as an art, science and profession.

6. Critically evaluate the contribution of Henry Fayol and Elton Mayo to management thought.

SECTION—D

7. Define personnel management. Describe the objectives and functions of personnel management.

8. What is strategic management? Describe the process of strategic management.

Exam. Code : 121601
Subject Code : 502479

Bachelor of Commerce (Financial Services) (Hons.)
1st Sem. (Batch 2025-29) (CBGS)

PUNJAB HISTORY & CULTURE

(From Earliest Times to C 320)

Paper : PHC–110

Time Allowed—3 Hours] [Maximum Marks—100

Note :— Attempt **FIVE** questions in all, selecting at least **ONE** question from each section. The fifth question may be attempted from any section. All questions carry equal marks.

SECTION—A

1. Discuss the physical features of Punjab and its impact.
2. Explain various sources. How sources like coins and inscriptions play an important role in understanding history?

SECTION—B

3. Discuss the social and religious life of the Harappans.
4. Discuss the theories about the origin of Aryans and their

settlements in Punjab.

SECTION—C

5. Discuss the social and economic life of the Rig Vedic people.

6. Write about the society and religion of the Later Vedic people.

SECTION—D

7. Discuss the life and teachings of Buddha.

8. Discuss the main teachings of Jainism and its impact in Punjab.

Exam. Code : 121601
Subject Code: 502473

Bachelor of Commerce (Financial Services) (Hons.)
1st Semester (Batch 2025-29) (CBGS)
PUNJABI COMPULSORY
Paper : PBL-601

Time Allowed—3 Hours] [Maximum Marks—100

ਨੋਟ :— ਹਰੇਕ ਭਾਗ ਵਿੱਚੋਂ ਘੱਟੋ-ਘੱਟ **ਇੱਕ** ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ ਦੀ ਚੋਣ ਕਰਦੇ ਹੋਏ, ਕੁੱਲ **ਪੰਜ** ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ ਕਰੋ। **ਪੰਜਵਾਂ** ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ ਕਿਸੇ ਵੀ ਭਾਗ ਵਿੱਚੋਂ ਕੀਤਾ ਜਾ ਸਕਦਾ ਹੈ। ਸਾਰੇ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨਾਂ ਦੇ ਅੰਕ ਬਰਾਬਰ ਹਨ।

ਭਾਗ—ੳ

1. 'ਧਰਤੀ ਦੇ ਹੇਠਾਂ' ਕਵਿਤਾ ਦਾ ਸਾਰ ਲਿਖੋ।
2. 'ਉਦੋਂ ਵਾਰਿਸ ਸ਼ਾਹ ਨੂੰ ਵੰਡਿਆ ਸੀ' ਕਵਿਤਾ ਦਾ ਵਿਸ਼ਾ-ਵਸਤੂ ਲਿਖੋ।

ਭਾਗ—ਅ

3. 'ਬੇਬੇ ਰਾਮ ਭਜਨੀ' ਇਕਾਂਗੀ ਦਾ ਵਿਸ਼ਾ-ਵਸਤੂ ਲਿਖੋ।
4. 'ਬ੍ਰਹਮ ਭੋਜ' ਇਕਾਂਗੀ ਦੇ ਪਾਤਰ-ਪ੍ਰਬੰਧ 'ਤੇ ਨੋਟ ਲਿਖੋ।

ਭਾਗ—ੲ

5. ਹੇਠ ਲਿਖਿਆਂ ਵਿੱਚੋਂ ਕਿਸੇ **ਇੱਕ** ਵਿਸ਼ੇ 'ਤੇ ਪੈਰ੍ਹਾ ਰਚਨਾ ਕਰੋ :

   (ੳ) ਪੰਜਾਬ ਦੇ ਲੋਕ-ਨਾਚ

   (ਅ) ਮਾਤ-ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਦਾ ਮਹੱਤਵ

   (ੲ) ਅਨਪੜ੍ਹਤਾ।

6. ਹੇਠ ਲਿਖੇ ਪੈਰ੍ਹੇ ਨੂੰ ਪੜ੍ਹ ਕੇ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨਾਂ ਦੇ ਸੰਖੇਪ ਉੱਤਰ ਦਿਉ :

ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਸੱਭਿਆਚਾਰ ਵਿਸ਼ਾਲ ਸੱਭਿਆਚਾਰ ਹੈ। ਪੰਜ ਨਦੀਆਂ ਦਾ ਦੇਸ਼ ਪੰਜਾਬ ਸ਼ੁਰੂ ਤੋਂ ਹੀ ਹਮਲਾਵਰਾਂ ਦਾ ਰਾਹ ਬਣਿਆ ਰਿਹਾ ਹੈ। ਬਹਾਦਰੀ, ਅਣਖ ਅਤੇ ਆਪਾ ਵਾਰਨਾ ਇਸ ਸੱਭਿਆਚਾਰ ਦੇ ਅਟੁੱਟ ਅੰਗ ਹਨ। ਭਾਈ ਘਨ੍ਹੀਆਂ ਜੀ, ਲਾਲਾ ਲਾਜਪਤ ਰਾਏ ਅਤੇ ਭਗਤ ਸਿੰਘ ਇਸ ਸੱਭਿਆਚਾਰ ਦੇ ਮਹਾਨ ਜੋਧੇ ਰਹੇ ਹਨ। ਪ੍ਰੋ. ਪੂਰਨ ਸਿੰਘ ਨੂੰ ਰਾਂਝਾ ਤੇ ਹੀਰ ਗੁਰੂ ਦੇ ਸਿੱਖ ਜਾਪਦੇ ਹਨ। ਪੰਜਾਬ ਦੇ ਦਰਿਆਂ ਜਪੁ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਗਾਉਂਦੇ ਹਨ। ਕਿਸਾਨ ਖੇਤਾਂ ਵਿੱਚ ਅੰਨ ਉਪਜਾਉਂਦਾ ਹੈ ਤੇ ਪੂਰੇ ਭਾਰਤ ਵਾਸੀਆਂ ਦਾ ਢਿੱਡ ਭਰ ਜਾਂਦਾ ਹੈ। ਇਹ ਸਾਰੇ ਪੱਖ ਇਸਨੂੰ ਮਹਾਨ ਸੱਭਿਆਚਾਰ ਬਣਾਉਂਦੇ ਹਨ।

(ੳ) ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਸੱਭਿਆਚਾਰ ਦੇ ਅਟੁੱਟ ਅੰਗ ਕਿਹੜੇ-ਕਿਹੜੇ ਹਨ ?

(ਅ) ਪੰਜਾਬ ਦੇ ਮਹਾਨ ਜੋਧੇ ਕੌਣ-ਕੌਣ ਹਨ ?

(ਏ) ਪ੍ਰੋ. ਪੂਰਨ ਸਿੰਘ ਨੂੰ ਹੀਰ-ਰਾਂਝਾ ਕਿਹੋ ਜਿਹੇ ਪ੍ਰਤੀਤ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ ?

(ਸ) ਲਕੀਰੇ ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਦੇ ਅਰਥ ਸਪੱਸ਼ਟ ਕਰੋ।

(ਹ) ਪੈਰ੍ਹੇ ਦਾ ਢੁਕਵਾਂ ਸਿਰਲੇਖ ਲਿਖੋ।

ਭਾਗ—ਸ

7. ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਦੇ ਟਕਸਾਲੀ ਰੂਪ 'ਤੇ ਨੋਟ ਲਿਖੋ।

8. ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਦੀਆਂ ਉਪਭਾਸ਼ਾਵਾਂ ਦੇ ਪਛਾਣ-ਚਿੰਨ੍ਹ ਸਪੱਸ਼ਟ ਕਰੋ।